IN THE CLAIMS:

Please add new claims 34, 35 and 36 as set forth below. The accompanying transmittal letter authorizes charging of the corresponding excess-claim fees to Hewlett-Packard deposit account 08-2025.

Applicants respectfully ask that these three new claims be inserted to immediately follow original claims 1, 9, and 25 respectively.

- 1 1. (original) Apparatus for printing a desired image on a
- 2 printing medium, based upon input image data, by construction
- from individual marks formed in a pixel grid; said apparatus
- 4 comprising:
- at least one multielement incremental-printing array that
- is subject to colorant-deposition error;
- means for measuring such colorant-deposition error of the
- 8 at least one array;
- means for modifying a multicolumn, multirow numerical
- 10 tabulation that forms a mapping between such input image data
- and such marks, to compensate for the measured colorant-depo-
- 12 sition error; and
- means for printing using the modified mapping.
 - 2. (original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the mapping
- is selected from the group consisting of:
- an optical-density transformation of the image data to
- 4 such construction from individual marks; and
- a spatial-resolution relationship between the image data
- 6 and such pixel grid.

- 3. (original) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein:
- the optical-density transformation comprises a halftoning
- 3 matrix; and
- the spatial-resolution relationship comprises a scaling
- of the image data to such pixel grid.
- 4. (original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein:
- said at least one multielement incremental-printing array
- 3 comprises a plurality of multielement printing arrays that
- 4 print in a corresponding plurality of different colors or
- 5 color dilutions, each multielement printing array being sub-
- ject to a respective colorant-deposition error; and
- 7 the measuring means and the mapping-modifying means each
- go operate with respect to each one of the plurality of multiele-
- 9 ment printing arrays respectively.
- 5. (original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein:
- for at least one of the plurality of multielement print-
- 3 ing arrays, the colorant-deposition error comprises a respec-
- 4 tive pattern of printing-density defects; and wherein:
- the measuring means comprise means for measuring the
- 6 pattern of printing-density defects for each multielement
- printing array respectively; and
- the modifying means comprising means for applying the
- 9 respective pattern of defects, for at least one of the mul-
- tielement printing arrays, to modify a respective said map-
- 11 ping.

6. (original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein: for at least one of the plurality of multielement printing arrays, the colorant-deposition error comprises a swathheight error; the measuring means comprise means for measuring the swath-height error for each multielement printing array respectively; and the modifying means comprise means for applying the respective swath-height error, for at least one of the multielement printing arrays, to modify a respective said 10 11 mapping. 7. (original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein: the colorant-deposition error comprises a pattern of printing-density defects; the measuring means comprise means for measuring the pattern of printing-density defects; the modifying means comprise: means for deriving a correction pattern from the measured pattern of printing-density defects, and 10 11 means for applying the correction pattern to modify 12 a halftone thresholding process; and 13 14 the printing means comprise means for printing such image 15

using the modified halftone thresholding process.

(original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein: the colorant-deposition error comprises a swath-height error or otherwise corresponds to a optimum distance of printing-medium advance; the measuring means comprise means for measuring the swath-height error or determining the optimum distance; the modifying means comprise: means for deriving a correction pattern from the measured swath-height error or determined opti-10 mum distance, and 11 12 13 means for applying the correction pattern to modify a halftone thresholding process; and 14 the printing means comprise means for printing such image 16 using the modified halftone thresholding process. 17 (original) A method of printing a desired image, by construction from individual marks formed in a pixel grid by at least one multielement printing array that is subject to a pattern of printing-density defects; said method comprising the steps of: measuring such pattern of printing-density defects; deriving a correction pattern from the measured pattern of printing-density defects; 9 applying the correction pattern to modify a halftone thresholding process; and 10 printing such image using the modified halftone thresh-11

olding process.

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- 1 10. (original) The method of claim 9, for use with a print-
- 2 mask in plural-pass printing, and further comprising the steps
- of, before or as a part of the applying step:
- using such printmask to determine a relationship between
- the halftone matrix and the multielement array; and
- 6 employing the relationship in the applying step to con-
- trol application of the correction pattern to the halftone
- 8 matrix.
- 1 11. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the printing step comprises single-pass printing.
- 1 12. (original) The method of claim 9, for use with said at
- 2 least one multielement incremental-printing array that com-
- prises a plurality of scanning multielement printing arrays
- 4 that print in a corresponding plurality of different colors or
- 5 color dilutions, each multielement printing array being sub-
- ϵ ject to a respective swath-height error; and wherein:
- the measuring, deriving, applying and printing steps are
- employed to modify swath height of at least one of the scan-
- 9 ning multielement printing arrays, for accommodating any
- swath-height error present in each multielement printing array
- 11 respectively.

- 1 13. (original) The method of claim 9, for use with said at
- 2 least one multielement incremental-printing array that com-
- 3 prises a plurality of multielement printing arrays that print
- in a corresponding plurality of different colors or color
- 5 dilutions, each multielement printing array being subject to a
- 6 respective pattern of printing-density defects; and wherein:
- 7 the measuring, deriving, applying and printing steps are
- each performed with respect to each multielement printing
- g array respectively.
- 1 14. (original) The method of claim 13, for use with such
- plurality of multielement incremental-printing arrays that are
- also each subject to a respective swath-height error; and
- 4 wherein:
- the measuring, deriving, applying and printing steps are
- arepsilon also employed to modify swath height of at least one of the
- 7 multielement printing arrays, for accommodating any swath-
- s height error present in each multielement printing array
- 9 respectively.
- 1 15. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the halftone thresholding process comprises definition of
- 3 a halftone matrix.
- 1 16. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- 2 the halftone thresholding process comprises an error-
- 3 diffusion protocol.

- 1 17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the error-
- diffusion protocol comprises at least one of:
- a progressive error-distribution allocation protocol of
- 4 such error-diffusion halftoning; and
- a decisional protocol for determining whether to mark a
- 6 particular pixel.
- 1 18. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the applying step comprises replacing values above or
- 3 below a threshold value.
- 1 19. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the applying step comprises multiplying values by a
- linear factor.
- 1 20. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the applying step comprises applying a gamma correction
- function to values.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the modifying
- step comprises a combination of at least two of:
- replacing values above or below a threshold value;
- multiplying each values by a linear factor; and
- applying a gamma correction function to values.

- 22. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- for each of the plurality of multielement arrays, the
- measuring, deriving and applying steps are each performed at
- 4 most only one time for a full image.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- the applying step comprises modifying the darkness of
- 3 substantially each mark printed by an individual printing
- 4 element whose density is defective.
- 24. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- 2 the applying step comprises modifying the average number
- of dots printed by an individual printing element whose den-
- 4 sity is defective.
- 25. (original) A method of printing a desired image, based
- on input image data, by construction from individual marks
- formed in a pixel grid by at least one scanning multielement
- 4 printing array; said printing being subject to print-quality
- 5 defects due to departure of printing-medium advance from an
- 6 optimum value; said method comprising the steps of:
- measuring a parameter related to such print-quality
- 8 defects;
- based on the measured parameter, scaling such input image
- 10 data to compensate for said departure; and
- printing such image using the scaled input image data.

(original) The method of claim 25, wherein: the parameter comprises such print-quality defects; and the measuring step comprises measuring such print-quality defects. 27. (original) The method of claim 26, wherein: the defects comprise swath-height error; and the measuring step comprises measuring swath-height error. 28. (original) The method of claim 26, wherein: the defects comprise area-fill nonuniformity; and the measuring step comprises: using a sensing system to measure area-fill nonuniformity for plural printing-medium advance values, and selecting a printing-medium advance value that cor-9 10 responds to minimum area-fill nonuniformity. 29. (original) The method of claim 25, wherein: the parameter comprises such optimum value; and

the measuring step comprises determining such optimum

value.

- 1 30. (original) The method of claim 25, for use with said at
- 2 least one scanning multielement printing array that comprises
- a plurality of multielement printing arrays that print in a
- 4 corresponding plurality of different colors or color dilu-
- 5 tions, each multielement printing array being subject to a
- 6 respective swath-height error; wherein:
- the measuring, scaling and printing steps are each per-
- 8 formed with respect to each multielement printing array re-
- 9 spectively.
- 31. (original) The method of claim 30, wherein the printing step comprises:
- comparing optimum advance values or swath-height values
- measured for the plurality of multielement printing arrays
- respectively, to find the smallest of said values;
- selecting a particular multielement printing array whose
- 7 said value is substantially the smallest;
- using, in common for the plurality of printing arrays,
- 9 substantially said selected smallest value; and
- for substantially each array other than the particular
- array, operating with a respective reduced number of printing
- 12 elements and with rescaled data, to match an actual effective
- swath height of the particular array.
- 1 32. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:
- said smallest of said values is determined taking into
- account the maximum available number of printing elements in
- 4 the corresponding array.

- 33. (original) The method of claim 25, further comprising
- 2 the step of:
- after the scaling step, iterating the measuring and
- 4 scaling steps to allow for nonlinearity in such print-quality
- 5 defects.
- 1 34. (new) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein:
- the multielement printing array is an inkjet printhead.
- 1 35. (new) The method of claim 9, wherein:
- 2 the multielement printing array is an inkjet printhead.
- 1 36. (new) The method of claim 25, wherein:
- the multielement printing array is an inkjet printhead.